

# The Weather

Unsettled late today; showers tomorrow. See Page 12.

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# Realty Feature

Activity in Washington and nearby real estate. Pages 10-11.

PRICE ONE CENT

## DEPUTES BOW TO MUSSOLINI; VOTE 306 TO 116

Fascist Leader's Threats Wring Confidence Vote From Opponents.

## POWERS MADE HIM VIRTUAL DICTATOR

Giolitti Organ Laments Premier's "Disgusting Brutality."

ROME, Nov. 17.—The Italian chamber of deputies has bowed to the will of Premier Mussolini. The Fascist leader was given a vote of confidence, 306 to 116 today.

Most of the votes against Mussolini, who was appointed premier as his army of 300,000 was preparing to march on Rome, came from deputies of the extreme left. The position of the "Black Shirts" stated he had come to the chamber to ask no favors, but to demand power. The vote of confidence is the answer.

Has Broadest Power. Mussolini, by the vote, now has broader power than have even been granted an Italian premier. His power to push through bureaucratic and financial reforms is absolute. He may govern as he pleases and does not have to report back to the chamber of deputies on his accomplishments for a year.

Mussolini is thus given a full opportunity to make good on his economy pledge. One of the reasons for the amazing growth of the Fascist—avowed foes of radicalism—was the utter waste of money by Italian governments during the last twenty years. Political parties, were created in a wholesale fashion to reward henchmen of previous ministers.

The vote of confidence in Mussolini's case is perhaps unique in the history of parliamentary government. The premier received a favorable vote in spite of the fact that he had only thirty-one Fascist adherents in the chamber, composed of 525 members.

It is certain the favorable vote was not prompted by a chance of heart on the part of his opponents. Mussolini gained his votes by threatening dissolution of parliament and by making veiled hints of civil war, declaring he still had 300,000 armed Fascists ready to obey his commands.

Vote Sooner Than Expected. The vote of confidence, which was not altogether unexpected, came sooner than had been expected. Observers were of the opinion the deputies would debate Mussolini's proposals for at least four days. This course, apparently, was not pursued on the ground that it would have been futile to oppose Italy's man of iron.

Mussolini in a day what other statesmen have not been able to accomplish in years of effort.

The newspaper of former Premier Giolitti said that "profound sadness and bitter regrets prevail in the parliamentary circles because of Mussolini's brutality." The paper continued: "It was brutality for the sake of it. It would have been appropriate to have disbanded the chamber."

## His Only Fault Was Killing Woman

Otherwise George Liggins Is Perfectly Good Boy, Says Detective Berry.

Detective "Buck" Berry, of the Fourth precinct, has either a queer sense of humor or else he is absent-minded at times. When he took the witness stand yesterday in Police Court in the case of George R. Liggins, charged with threats, he made a remark that caused Judge Mattingly to sit up straight and open his eyes wide.

Liggins, who is out on bond awaiting sentence on a charge of second degree murder, having been convicted of shooting and killing Maude Prince, his sister-in-law, was charged this time with threatening to kill his wife, Ethel Liggins, with an oyster knife.

"This boy George," said the detective, "is a good boy. I have known him for a long time. The only break I ever knew him to make was to kill a woman."

"You don't say," exclaimed Judge Mattingly. "All he ever did that was wrong was to murder someone. My, my, the world is growing to be a mighty queer place."

However, Liggins convinced Judge Mattingly he was innocent of the threat charge. His wife claimed he had sister's child to testify at the murder trial in behalf of her husband, he was going to cut her throat. The case was dismissed and Liggins, after a warning from the court, was released.

## MYSTERY IN RIFLE CARTRIDGE PLOT

NORFOLK, Va., Nov. 17.—A plot to smuggle ammunition into Fortress Monroe, Fort Story and Camp Eustis, was unearthed today by postal inspectors. Large boxes of rifle cartridges were found in mail cars bound for each place.

United States agents are puzzled for an explanation. One man is held for questioning. Shipments were made from a house in Norfolk.

## Harding Is Dry But Watching Public Opinion

White House Sees Movement as Political Issue For Many Years.

President Harding realizes that the prohibition issue has been torn wide open again. His attitude, as outlined by an authorized spokesman at the White House yesterday, is as follows:

1. Definite hostility to prohibition is being expressed in certain quarters.
2. Prohibition will be a political issue for years to come.
3. The position of the President on prohibition is unchanged.

President Always "Dry."

What this position is may be deduced from the following facts: As a United States Senator he voted for the constitutional amendment and the Volstead act. As a candidate for President he declared for strict enforcement of the law. As President he has always instructed his subordinates to enforce the Volstead act to the letter. An extreme case of this was the recent ruling of Attorney General Daugherty prohibiting liquor on American ships and on foreign vessels within the three-mile limit.

President Harding has taken cognizance of the wet gains made in the recent elections. This was evidenced in the answer.

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## GREAT LABORITE GAINS PERTURB BRITISH TORIES

Workers' Bloc of 141 Members Looms as Menace To Bonar Law.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Conservatives, even since they have been swept into power by the greatest number of votes since Benjamin Disraeli assumed the premiership, are plainly concerned over the successes of the Labor party. The latter now shows an unprecedented strength in the house of commons.

Even though the Conservatives can depend on a majority of eighty-five men when commons meets in its first session Monday the Labor opposition—141 strong—is a force to be reckoned with.

In case the Conservative party were to be divided on some issue, which is not altogether unlikely, inasmuch as it is divided in factions, the government would be forced to resign. The Labor party perhaps would be called upon to form a ministry.

Recall Northcliffe's Prediction. Since the general elections Wednesday political observers have been giving much thought to the Northcliffe prediction that, far from the Labor government, the great Northcliffe's utterance was made during his last visit to America.

On that occasion the publisher advised American journalists to be acquainted with British Labor party leaders. "Be sure you know the younger men in the Labor movement," he said. "One of them will be prime minister some day and you'll be glad you knew him before having to go see him at 10 Downing Street."

Northcliffe evidently had no fears for Britain and the Labor party. When asked what England would be under a Labor premier, he replied "England."

## ICE SMASHES BOAT, DROWNING 10 MEN

Launch Found With Bow Stove in on Lake Near Quebec.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Ten persons, employees of the Ontario Paper Company, were drowned in Fifteen-Mile Lake, near Shelter Bay, below Quebec, early Tuesday morning, according to reports reaching here today.

The party left the head of the lake in a motor boat Monday night for the paper company's plant, and when they did not arrive Tuesday morning, a tug was sent in search of them.

The launch was found with a hole stove in near the bow, the result of a collision with ice. Various articles of clothing were found on the surface of the water.

## BLISS TO GREET "TIGER" TODAY

Robert Woods Bliss, Third Assistant Secretary of State, was designated yesterday by Secretary of State Hughes to greet Georges Clemenceau at the dock when he lands in New York today and to present informally the personal greetings of President Harding. Bliss left Washington for New York yesterday afternoon.

## Henna-hue Pig At White House

Porker Is First Installment of President's Thanksgiving Dinner.

With thirteen days to go, the White House Thanksgiving dinner rush is on. Annually, the Executive Mansion has been flooded with exquisite, normal turkeys, mammoth pies and other viands par excellence.

This year, the fatted pig leads the way.

A Berkshire porker of henna hue arrived at the White House yesterday as the first contribution to President Harding's Thanksgiving dinner. The sender is anonymous. The wooden cage in which the squealer came was postmarked "Marion, Ark."

## Problem for the Class in "A Living Wage."

—By J. N. Darling.



IF A CHINAMAN FISHING FOR POLLYWOGS ON THE YANGTZEKIANG CAN SUPPORT A FAMILY OF 12 ON 13½ CENTS A MONTH—



AND A FARMER WORKING 18 HOURS A DAY CAN SELL HIS CROPS FOR ALMOST ENOUGH TO PAY THE INTEREST ON THE MONEY HE BORROWED TO BUY SEED—



AND A BRICKMASON CAN LAY ALMOST HALF AS MANY BRICKS AT \$1.50 A DAY AS HE DID FOR \$6.00 A DAY 10 YEARS AGO—



HOW MANY WILD DUCKS OUGHT THE GOVERNMENT TO GUARANTEE TO X FOR WORKING 16 HOURS IN MUD AND ICE WATER UP TO HIS KNEES, TO FEED A FAMILY OF FIVE?

## LEADERS DECIDE AGAINST GAG RULE ON SUBSIDY BILL

House Will Permit New Amendments From The Floor.

House administration leaders, recognizing the constant increase in opposition to the ship subsidy bill, have decided that the imposition of a gag rule would destroy whatever chance of passage the measure may still have.

Therefore, at a conference between Speaker Gillette, Floor Leader, and the Rules Committee, members of the Republican steering committee, yesterday, it was decided to submit the bill for consideration under a special rule which will permit of introducing amendments from the floor.

Fear Efforts to Nullify. Although friends of the subsidy are apprehensive that this procedure will encourage the introduction of countless amendments designed to nullify the measure, at the same time, they feel that in adopting this strategy they may gain a number of recruits—possibly a majority.

Campbell feels that the rule, to be submitted to the House next Wednesday, will be acceptable, and that general debate will start Thursday and run through Saturday. The first three days of the following week, he said, will be devoted to discussion of amendments. He predicts that a final vote on the bill should come November 23.

## J. W. Davis May Sit In Supreme Court

Former Ambassador rto Succeeded Justice Day, It Is Reported Here.

John W. Davis, of West Virginia and New York, former Ambassador to Great Britain, and a candidate for the Democratic Presidential nomination in 1920, was reported in Republican quarters here yesterday to have been selected by President Harding to succeed to the vacancy on the Supreme Court created by the resignation of former Justice Day.

Mr. Davis is known to be one of many Democrats who have been seriously considered for the appointment by the President. Senator Shields, of Tennessee, is another, as is Senator Thomas F. Walsh, of Montana. There have also been persistent reports that Senator Pomeroy, of Ohio, recently defeated for reelection, has been given consideration.

## RAILROAD UNIONS BEGIN WAR TODAY ON LABOR BOARD

Chiefs Will Confer on Plans to Change the Present Law.

All organizations of railroad workers are determined to use every legitimate means to frustrate the attempt of Senator Cummins and other administration leaders to put teeth in the Railroad Labor Board.

At a conference today, called by President William H. Johnston, of the International Machinists' Association, leaders of the railroad brotherhoods, including Chief Warren S. Stone, of the Engineers; D. B. Robertson, head of the Firemen and Enginemen, and officials of the Shopcrafts unions, will formulate a program for combatting legislation which Senator Cummins is expected to introduce in the Senate next week.

Will Seek to Abolish Board. This conference, Johnston pointed out, is not to be confused with the conference to be held tomorrow, which is to discuss preliminary plans for the forthcoming conference to be held in Chicago in December. Today's meeting purposes to review the campaign begun by the brotherhoods last July in an effort to enlist sufficient Senators and Representatives to enact legislation abolishing the Railroad Labor Board and supplanting it by the Board of Mediation and Conciliation established by the so-called Newlands act, which preceded the present Esch-Cummins law.

Needs Further Support. The brotherhoods' campaign has been conducted under the supervision of H. E. Willis, assistant grand chief of the Engineers. An informal poll of both houses, Willis said, discloses about a dozen Senators and about one-third of the House membership favorably disposed toward abolition.

Although representatives of the American Federation of Labor are not expected to be present at this conference, any plan devised by the railroad labor representatives will have the support of President Gammon.

Many of the participants in today's conference will remain here for Sunday's meeting, which is to be largely of a political character.

## SULTAN FLEES KEMAL'S ANGER TO BRITISH SHIP

Flight Follows Word From Angora He Would Be Put on Trial.

## DESERTS HAREM; SON GOES WITH HIM

Nationalists Aver He Disgracefully Yielded to Allies After War.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 16.—The last of the Sultans—Mohammed VI—has fled Constantinople on a British warship fearful Turkish Nationalists would take his life.

The flight of the Sultan under the protection of the British followed receipt of word from Angora, the seat of the Kemal government, that the national assembly had decided to place Mohammed on trial.

In contrast to the trials of "the war gully" in Germany, the Sultan is classed as one of the "peace gully" in Turkey. At the door of the Sublime Porte is placed the charge that he and his ministers were responsible for acquiescence to the treaty of Sevres, which was an ignominious peace for Turkey, banishing her from Europe.

Leaves Harem Behind. Mohammed, who left his harem behind in the ramshackle palace where he has lived in comparative poverty as the "guest" of the allies since the end of the war was accompanied in his flight by his son, Prince Erloglu Effendi, and a few faithful retainers. They stole away in an auto and were taken to the British battleship Malaya.

The Sultan, who has stated steadfastly he would not relinquish his office even in face of the action of the Turkish assembly in abolishing the sultanate, said as he was received by Admiral Cockburn of the British navy: "I am not abdicating but am merely seeking refuge."

It was stated he will receive instructions from the British after he arrives at Malta, his destination.

Has Reason to Fear for Life. Mohammed has every reason to fear for his life. Many of his predecessors have been assassinated by political enemies.

The fleeing caliph has had practically no voice in the affairs of his country since 1915 when he was established in Constantinople under the protectorate of the allies. It was then that the Nationalists repudiated him and moved the seat of government to Angora. The Sultan was the last relic of the Ottoman Empire which has been decadent for years.

In its place has arisen government of the grand national assembly at Angora.

That the United States is to exert an important influence at the Lausanne conference on Near Eastern questions, even at the command of the statement was authorized that the President views as preposterous the continued suggestions from peace advocates and churchmen that the United States should send an armed force abroad to enforce peace in the Near East.

The United States, it was stated, would not undertake to sit on the lid and guarantee the peace of the world in a quarter which has been a scene of conflict for more than 4,000 years, and the President, his spokesmen declared, was not to understand the curious contradiction of thought in presumably intelligent American public opinion which preaches peace one day and war the next.

The United States, it was pointed out, is not going about brandishing the sword, even at the command of the church. Even if the administration did desire to send troops abroad, it could not do so without the consent of Congress, and the President is not laboring under any delusion that Congress is tugging at the leash to go to war.

The United States is not asking anything in a territorial way in the Near East and will not take part in discussion of territorial questions at Lausanne. This government will stand up at Lausanne for the protection of its commercial rights and for the protection of racial and religious minorities, it was declared. The administration believes a treaty to which the United States will be a party, probably will be made with the Turkish government in which all these rights will be recognized.

Dr. Rupert B. Blue, it was announced yesterday, has been ordered to proceed to Lausanne by the Public Health Service, where his expert advice will be available to the Turkish peace conference should questions of public health and sanitation be brought up.

## Big Cut in Army False Economy, Warns Pershing

Paying Price of Being "Penny Wise, Pound Foolish," He Says.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—A sharp warning against a too severe cut in the military establishment of the country was issued here tonight by Gen. Pershing, who characterized abnormal reduction in army appropriations as "extravagant economy."

"In the immense burden of war debt," Pershing said in an address to the Merchants' Association, "we are today paying the price for being penny wise and pound foolish. Let us no longer indulge in that sort of expensive retrenchment."

The appropriations asked of Congress are "reasonable and necessary," he said.

## FELLOW PASTOR SAYS HALL TOLD OF DEATH THREAT

Planned to Leave Home In New Brunswick to Escape Relatives.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 17.—Rev. Edward Wheeler Hall, fearing death because of his attentions to his choir singer, Mrs. Eleanor Mills, complained of a threat against his life and told of his plan to leave New Brunswick so that his wife and other relatives could not touch him.

This revelation was made today to detectives by Rev. Paul N. B. P. Hamborsky, former pastor of the Hungarian Reformed Church, of New Brunswick, who claimed to be a close friend of the murdered minister.

Told Him of Threats. Hamborsky told a thrilling story of his knowledge of Hall's quarrels with his wife. He declared Hall told him he had been threatened by a man whose name has been mentioned frequently during the investigation of the murder.

Hamborsky lived in New Brunswick for seventeen years and was unfrocked last April, because of complaints against him by members of his congregation, according to the Rev. Dr. A. G. Schodde, who succeeded Hamborsky as pastor of the local church.

About April 1 last Dr. Schodde came to New Brunswick to investigate reports that Hamborsky was drinking to excess. As a result of his investigation Dr. Schodde said it became necessary to unfrock Hamborsky.

Story Told in Hungarian. Dr. Schodde said he had knowledge of Hamborsky's story from an interview appearing in today's issue of Amerikai Magyar Nepszava, a Hungarian newspaper published in New York.

From this interview Dr. Schodde translated freely, in part, as follows: "The Rev. Hamborsky says that he had a deep friendship for the Rev. Hall. He has informed us that he did not want to testify because he had been approached by two men and told not to tell what he saw or heard, but to keep quiet. He knew of the affair between Mr. Hall and Mrs. Mills and had met them occasionally on their outings."

Last June, Hall complained to Hamborsky, the latter asserted, that he was having trouble because of his affair with Mrs. Mills and said that he planned to go away to Mexico or some other place where his wife and other relatives could not touch him.

Feared Wife's Kinsman. "Hall told him, said Hamborsky, that a kinsman had threatened him, saying, 'Your finish is coming soon,' Hall declared, 'I have to go away from here. If I don't they will kill me.'"

"Two days after the murder Hamborsky again visited New Brunswick."

Hamborsky said he remarked of the double murder, "I thought this would turn out so—I knew this would be the end of it."

"Shut your mouth, or you will get the same as all those who stick their nose in here," was the reply of one of the men."

Dr. Schodde does not place much faith in Hamborsky's story, nor does the Rev. Dr. Sigmond Lakay, pastor of the First Hungarian Evangelical Reformed Church.

Mott Refuses Comment. Special Deputy Attorney General Mott tonight refused to pass comment on the credibility of Hamborsky's story.

Timothy N. Pfeiffer, attorney for Mrs. Hall, said he saw no reason why he should "take the trouble to deny such a story."

Somerset County Detective Totten today went to Trenton and obtained writs of habeas corpus for Pearl Bahmer and Raymond Schneider, finders of the bodies of Hall and Mrs. Mills, so that they may be brought to Somerset Monday to testify before the grand jury. Pearl is in the home of God Shepherd at Newark, and Schneider is in the Middlesex County jail, held in default of \$3,000 bail.

Burton Green, Actor, Dies. MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Death has separated the famous vaudeville pair, Irene Franklin and Burton Green. Green died here tonight as a result of complications of disease.

## ROY KUEHLING CAPTURED, RID OF HANDCUFFS

Found in Vacant Lot of St. Louis Suburb, Sawing Shackles.

## RUNS WHEN HE SEES OFFICER NEARING

Hardware Dealer Reports Sale of Hacksaw to Fugitive.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 17.—Roy H. Kuehling, 23 years old, Washington soldier of fortune, who escaped from Sheriff Z. P. Church by jumping from a Missouri, Kansas and Texas train at Pilot Grove, Mo., Thursday night, was arrested at 6 o'clock tonight by Patrolman Lampe, of the Baden subdivision of the mounted district, in a vacant lot at 5700 North Broadway.

Kuehling was handcuffed when he jumped from the train. Sheriff Church, of Nevada, Mo., was accompanying Kuehling to the State Penitentiary at Jefferson City, where Kuehling was sentenced to serve a five-year term for shooting his wife.

Caught Sawing Handcuffs. Patrolman Lampe observed Kuehling seated in the lot sawing through what appeared to be a pair of handcuffs on his wrists. At Lampe's approach, Kuehling started running. In passing a sewer opening Kuehling threw a shiny object into the opening. Lampe caught up with Kuehling shortly after this and took him to the police station.

After his arrest Kuehling admitted to the police that he threw the handcuffs and hacksaw blade into the sewer. Investigation later revealed that he purchased the saw in Louis Bircherer's hardware store in St. Louis. He tried to conceal his wrists by putting his shirt sleeves down over his hands. Bircherer said Bircherer reported the incident to the police.

Tied to Escape Prison. When he escaped from the sheriff, Kuehling was being taken to the penitentiary, following his conviction for the shooting of his wife. He was convicted in Stockton, Mo., Thursday.

The sheriff was said to have been asleep when the prisoner escaped and did not miss his prisoner until he was waiting trial he twice tried to saw through the prison bars. Kuehling was arrested in Washington about two years ago, following the drowning of his first wife in a canoe accident.

## LITTLE OBJECTION TO PACKER MERGER

Combination Will Be Waived To Observe Control Act Carefully.

Government officials now appear inclined to approve the request of J. N. Harris for a merger of his packing concern with Morris & Co.

Should approval be granted, it would be accompanied with a warning that the new concern would be subject to all provisions of the packer control act and that any attempt by the combine to use its power to restrain commerce would result in prompt prosecution.

Farm organizations here are not raising very strenuous objections to the new plan, believing the packer control law is so slight that the interests of the farmers and the public would be protected.

Some opposition is expected in Congress, but even there objections are not being raised very strenuously.

## SOVIET DEPORTS GIRL ANARCHIST

RIGA, Nov. 17.—Molly Steimer, girl anarchist who was sentenced to fifteen years imprisonment by the Russian federal court, but was later deported, according to a Soviet official, who reports that she has been jailed in Petrograd.

Miss Steimer was arrested when the Cheka made arrests of anarchists and socialists in that the new Congress will support the amendment.

## NORRIS WILL URGE NEW AMENDMENT

Senator Norris, Progressive Republican of Nebraska, intends to obtain action on his proposed Constitutional amendment providing for direct election of the President.

Such an amendment would result in the abolition of the Electoral College, and probably the political conventions.

The system of electors, in Norris's opinion, does not reflect the true popular approval of a candidate.

Norris is confident that the new Congress will support the amendment.